

Environmental Review Checklist Instructions

- Applicant Name:
- Project Name:
- Project Number: For Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation (DPOR) staff to enter

I. Project Description:

- Describe the proposed action in as much detail as possible, in particular pertinent design features that could impact resources (e.g., location, size, and type of structures, and any design exceptions that may be required).
- Give special attention to river and stream crossings, wetlands, drainage control structures, or other protected resources.
- You may need to develop detailed designs to fully evaluate the impacts of the project on protected resources.
- In rare cases, final design detail may be necessary (e.g. Section 4(f), certain in-stream structures) to determine if avoidance alternatives are practicable.

II. Alternatives to Proposed Action:

- Complete this section only if the project would impact a resource protected by a law, Executive Order, or regulation [e.g. E.O. 11990, E.O. 11988, Section 4(f) or Section 404(b)(1)]. This includes avoidance and minimization alternatives.
- You must provide sufficient information to determine if an alternative(s) is practicable.
- You must consider design exceptions or reduced scope if it would avoid the impact, and you must reference the supporting engineering analyses in the Checklist, or append them to the Checklist.
- You must select alternatives to the proposed action or design modifications if the avoidance or minimization is practicable.

III. Environmental Consequences:

- For each Yes response describe the magnitude of the impact(s) and the potential for significant impact (based on the context and intensity).
- You must provide sufficient documentation such as Agency Determinations and permits and approvals for project implementation, including the name of the individual you spoke with and their contact information.

A. Property Acquisitions:

Coordinate with the landowner and the State of Alaska, Division of Mining Land and Water's regional office (Southcentral at 907-269-8503; Southeast at 907-465-3400; and Northern at 907-451-2740). Acquisition under Eminent Domain is not a permissible activity under the Recreational Trails Program. Additionally, **Recreational Trails Program funds cannot be used for appraisals, surveys, environmental reviews, hazmat studies and as built surveys** needed to convey lands.

- It may be possible to obtain temporary (10 year requirement under Recreational Trails Program), permanent or dedicated easements or agency transfer of management rights.
- All Recreational Trails Program projects must comply with the provision of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 to the extent applicable.

B. Local Land Use:

Coordinate with the local governing body to determine if the project is within the scope a local land use plan.

- Review applicable federal, state and or local land use plans.
- Coordinate with the local governing body of the project site.
- Ensure that the proposed action is consistent with the local land use plans.
- Consider whether the project would induce adverse secondary and cumulative effects.
- Describe adverse impacts and any mitigating measures.

C. Social and Economic:

Coordinate with the local government, community council or community organizations to determine if the project will have an adverse impact. Describe adverse impacts in this section, document coordination, and attach appropriate documentation.

- Coordinate, as appropriate, with local officials to determine if the project may impact school districts, recreational areas, churches, businesses, or police and fire protection.
- Describe adverse impacts in this section, document coordination and attach appropriate documentation.
- Coordinate, as appropriate, to determine if the project will adversely impact special interest or needs groups, minorities, economically disadvantaged, etc.
- Coordinate, as appropriate, with the local government, borough, or state agency to assess the economic effects of the proposed action (i.e. locally and regionally). Describe adverse impacts in this section, document coordination and attach appropriate documentation.
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D. Archeological and Historic Resources:

- All projects must consider the potential impacts to cultural resources (i.e. archaeological and historic). Please visit the [State Historic Preservation Office](#) webpage
- Check the Alaska list of historic properties or [National Register of Historic Places](#)
- Conduct a visual survey for potential historic structures.
- Coordinate projects with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) at 907-269-8721, and Certified Local Government, Traditional Council, and Village or Regional Corporation, to determine if a cultural resource survey is necessary.

- Evaluate potentially eligible properties with the criteria for the National Register of Historic Places.

E. Threatened and Endangered Species (T&E):

Determine if the project will impact fish or wildlife resources by either contacting the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) regional office(s) at Northern 907-456-0441; Southcentral 907-271-2778; and for Southeast 907-780-1181.

- Check species with USFWS to determine if the project would impact a T&E species. If so, you must consult with the USFWS.
- If required, attach the biological assessment.
- Note: If a T&E species is directly or indirectly impacted by the project, Federal Highways Administration (FHWA) cannot approve the Recreational Trails project without completion of the T&E process.

F. Fish & Wildlife:

Determine if the project will impact Fish and Wildlife populations contact the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADFG), Habitat Division. **Anchorage:** ADFG, 333 Raspberry Rd. Suite 2068, Anchorage, AK 99518. **Juneau/ Douglas:** ADFG, 802 3rd St. Room 209, Douglas, AK 99824-5412. **Fairbanks:** ADFG, 1300 College Road, Fairbanks, AK 99701-1551. **Soldotna:** ADGFG, 514 Funny River Rd. Soldotna, AK 99669-8255.

Essential Fish Habitat (EFH): EFH is a provision of the Magnuson-Stevens Fisheries Conservation Act (50 CFR 900.20) and is defined as “*those waters and substrate necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding or growth to maturity.*” In Alaska, EFH applies to any species regulated by the North Pacific Fisheries Management Council. The Act requires any Federal action to identify potential adverse impacts on EFH and requires the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) to recommend actions that would conserve and enhance EFH impacted by the action.

- EFH is applicable for some projects that impact intertidal and sub -tidal areas and all projects that impact anadromous fish streams.
- EFH requires you to consult with NMFS and to prepare and EFH Assessment in accordance with 50 CFR 600.920.
- The assessment must document the resources, potential adverse impacts, and any measures taken to mitigate harm.
- The FHWA area liaison must inform NMFS on how their EFH recommendations have been incorporated into the project. NMFS has 30 days to determine if an expanded consultation is necessary.

For projects across EFH contact the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) at 907-271-6354.

Anadromous or Resident Fish Present:

- Review the [ADFG Anadromous Fish Stream Atlas](#) to determine if the proposed action impacts a cataloged anadromous fish stream. This catalog will provide a reference number, species present, and type of use (i.e. spawning and rearing), which need to be documented in the Environmental Review Checklist.
- If an anadromous fish stream is impacted, coordinate with state and federal resource agencies (remember that a fish stream is a “Water of the U.S.” subject to protection under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act).

- Document the type of stream habitat impacted by the project. This is essential in determining the magnitude of the impact, the appropriate structure, and any necessary mitigation.
- An on-site meeting with agencies is a good practice, but not required.
- If you do not hold an on-site meeting, provide video or photographs of the site.
- Non-cataloged streams may require “trapping” to determine if fish species are present. If present, the primary concern is fish passage through in-stream structures.

Wildlife Resources:

- You should evaluate the project area to identify any wildlife resources of particular concern, especially any species of concern, are identified by ADFG (e.g. Queen Charlotte grouse hawk in S.E.).
- You should analyze the impact categories of habitat fragmentation, bisecting migration corridors, and areas of high wildlife/vehicle accidents.

Bald Eagle and Golden Eagle Protection Act:

- In coastal areas and river and stream corridors, check with USFWS to determine if any eagle nesting trees are located within the project area.
- If so, you will need to determine if the project slope limits are within 100 meters of the nesting tree.
- You must maintain close coordination with USFWS to determine if the project will adversely impact the nesting tree.
- Document the results of the coordination and any mitigating measures taken.

G. Wetlands:

Determine if the project will impact wetlands contact the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), at 907-753-2712.

- Determine if wetlands as defined by the USACE are impacted by the proposed action, in accordance with the USACE wetland delineation manual.
- If wetlands are impacted, coordinate with state and federal resource agencies
- Evaluate alternatives that avoid and minimize the wetland involvement.
- Document agency acceptance of the wetlands impact and any mitigating measures.
- Document the results of the functional assessment and alternatives analysis in a “wetlands finding” and append it to the Environmental Review Checklist. In the wetlands finding, you must also document any mitigating measures taken to avoid, minimize, or compensate for unavoidable wetland impact.

H. Floodplains:

A project encroaching on a designated or proposed regulatory floodway must be consistent with the regulatory floodway. Determine if the project will impact or involves floodplains contact the USACE, at 907-753-2712.

- You must perform an adequate engineering and environmental analysis to determine the level of encroachment and allow for a consistency evaluation.
- You must coordinate with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and appropriate state and local government agencies for floodway encroachments.
- If a floodway revision is necessary, document coordination from FEMA and local or state agencies indicating the revision would be acceptable.

- Document consistency with Executive Order 11988 and 23 CFR 650, Subpart A. Document and Include:
- The reasons why the proposed action must be located in the floodplain;
- The alternatives considered and why they were not practicable; and
- A statement indicating whether the action conforms to applicable state or local floodplain protection standards.

I. Waterbodies:

To determine if the project will impact floodplains contact the USACE, at 907-753-2712 and the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) regional offices, for projects in Southeast 907-463-2450, Valdez area 907-835-7205/835-7217, and for projects in western and northern Alaska 907-281-6700.

- Determine if the project will impact a water body (i.e. pond, lake, river or stream). If so, you must evaluate practicable avoidance alternatives.
- Depending on the type of project involvement, various regulatory requirements may be applicable (Corps Section 404/10 or USCG Section 9).
- Determine if the water body is navigable as defined by the USCG and the USACE.
- For projects that involve bridge construction or reconstruction over navigable waters, you must coordinate with the USCG per the agreement between FHWA/USCG.
- If the water body is not anadromous, it may support important resident species (i.e. rainbow trout, char, grayling, and white fish).
- Check the type of involvement (i.e. bridge, culvert, embankment fill, or diversion) and type of habitat (i.e. spawning, rearing, pool, riffle, or undercut bank). Describe any substantive adverse impacts.

J. Water Quality:

Determine if the project will impact water quality contact the State of Alaska, Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) as indicated in the Environmental Review Checklist.

- Determine if project needs a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). Visit <http://www.dec.alaska.gov/water/wnpssc/stormwater/index.htm> or contact ADEC Storm water Program Office at 907-334-2288.
- Projects must meet state and federal water quality standards.
- Evaluate project for potential impacts on public or private potable drinking water sources, particularly projects that involve blasting in the vicinity of a potable drinking water well; contact ADEC Drinking Water Protection Coordinator at 907-269-7521.
- You must identify any designated impaired water body and take appropriate measures to mitigate any impact on these waters; contact ADEC Water Quality Assessment & Monitoring program office at 907-465-5304.
- The project must comply with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Phase I and Phase II regulations, as applicable.
- You must estimate the amount of ground-disturbing activities proposed and identify sensitive receiving waters in acres.
- You should discuss the potential impacts to water quality and mitigating measures.
- Determine if the project is located within, or would impact, a Municipal Storm Sewer System (MS4) NPDES permit, or if runoff from the project will be mixed with

discharges from an NPDES permitted industrial facility; contact ADEC Manager of On Site Disposal Systems at 907-262-5210 ext. 238.

K. Hazardous Waste:

To determine if hazardous waste is within the project site contact the following region area representatives with the DEC:

- Southeastern Region –465-5378,
- Central Region - 269-7684,
- Northern Region –451-2107.

For information on Contaminated Sites/Leaking Underground Storage Tanks (CS/LUST), call 465-5229. CS/ LUST information can also be found on-line at

http://www.state.ak.us/dec/spar/csp/db_search.htm.

- If contamination is known to be substantial, you must complete a detailed site investigation and proposed cleanup plan.
- Attach documentation and correspondence from the ADEC and the EPA.
- If there is a potential of encountering contamination during construction, a detailed site investigation can be delayed to the Design Phase (unless the information is necessary to compare alternatives).
- In addition, estimate the amount of contaminated material (soil or water) to be handled during construction, develop a DEC corrective action plan, and prepare an estimate of cost to clean up.

Sections M and N are for Motorized and Diversified Project Categories only

L. Air Quality:

In Alaska, the EPA has determined that the following areas are in a non-attainment area for one or more priority pollutants (i.e. CO or PM-10): Anchorage urban (CO), Fairbanks and North Pole areas (CO), Eagle River (PM-10) and Mendenhall Valley (PM-10). Contact the EPA at 907-451-2167 for assistance.

- Certain types of projects are exempt from all or some part of the EPA’s transportation conformity requirements. Generally, these are “c” list CE type projects that are non-construction activities. But you need to check 40 CFR Part 93, Section 93.126, Table 2 for the list of exempt activities. Some projects exempt from regional emission analysis still require a project level analysis. These are shown in 40 CFR Part 93, Section 93.126, Table 3.

M. Noise Impact:

- You must evaluate projects with adjacent sensitive receivers or land uses for potential noise impacts.
- If you find noise impacts, evaluate potential noise abatement in accordance with the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities (DOTPF) Noise Policy.

IV. Public Involvement:

Describe how public involvement was solicited and attach copies of public notices, posting locations and dates of the public notice, comments received and responses to comments.

- You must coordinate with the public and agencies for any projects that impact a protected resource.
- You must also issue a public notice for projects that impact predominately low-income areas or a predominately minority community, or are located in a community with a federally recognized tribal government.
- Determine if there is a disproportionate impact on minorities or a disadvantaged community.
- Describe any issues raised as a result of coordination with state and federal resource agencies, local government, tribal government, Native Corporation, or the public.
- The project cannot be approved without closure of issues raised.

V. Environmental Commitments, Mitigation Measures:

Environmental commitments are actions that the Recreational Trails Program grantee will be held accountable for during project implementation.

- List any environmental commitments or mitigating measures.
- You must include these measures as part of the construction contract unless concurrence is received from FHWA.

VI. Applicant Certification:

This section is where the Recreational Trails Program grantee will certify the information provided to be accurate and correct to the best of their knowledge.