## LAKESHORE MANAGEMENT

## Goals

**Recreation.** Protect and enhance a variety of lakeshore public recreation opportunities. Protect visual quality of lakeshores.

Habitat. Protect fish and wildlife habitat along lakeshores.

**Private Ownership of Land.** Provide opportunities for private ownership of lakeshore property.

Water Quality. Maintain water quality.

## Management Guidelines

- A. Land to be Retained. All islands and at least 50 percent of all public land within 500 feet of the lakeshore will be retained in public ownership and not made available for remote cabin permits on all lakes with significant recreation values. Retained lands shall include 50 percent of the actual shoreline. These percentages may be increased or decreased case-by-case if warranted by topography, amount or use, or other local conditions. A significant portion of the lakefront land retained in public ownership should be suitable for recreational activities. Where feasible, the publicly retained land should include land adjacent to lake inlets and outlets.
- B. Easements and Setbacks. Where lakefront property is conveyed to private ownership or made available for remote leasing or cabin permits, a minimum public access easement of 50 feet will be reserved along the shoreline, and a minimum building setback of 100 feet will be required.

- C. Structures in Fish Habitat. See Fish and Wildlife Habitat and Harvest Area Guideline C, page 2-8.
- D. Water Intake Structures. See Fish and Wildlife Habitat and Harvest Area Guideline D, page 2-8.
- E. Other Guidelines Affecting Lakeshore Management. Other guidelines may affect lakeshore management. See in particular the following sections of this chapter:

Agriculture and Grazing
Fish and Wildlife Habitat and Harvest
Forestry
Materials
Public Access
Recreation and Tourism
Settlement
Subsurface Resources
Trail Management
Transportation
Wetland Management