"Never doubt that a small group of thoughtful, committed citizens can change the world. Indeed, it is the only thing that ever has." ~ Margaret Mead

Who We Are:

CNIPM is a professional group of agencies and organizations in Alaska that have an interest and willingness to work for statewide management of noxious and invasive plant issues. CNIPM has been sharing scientific and technical expertise, collaborating on projects, and coordinating outreach since 2000.

Bringing greater statewide awareness, coordination, cooperation, and action to halt the introduction and spread of invasive plants in Alaska.

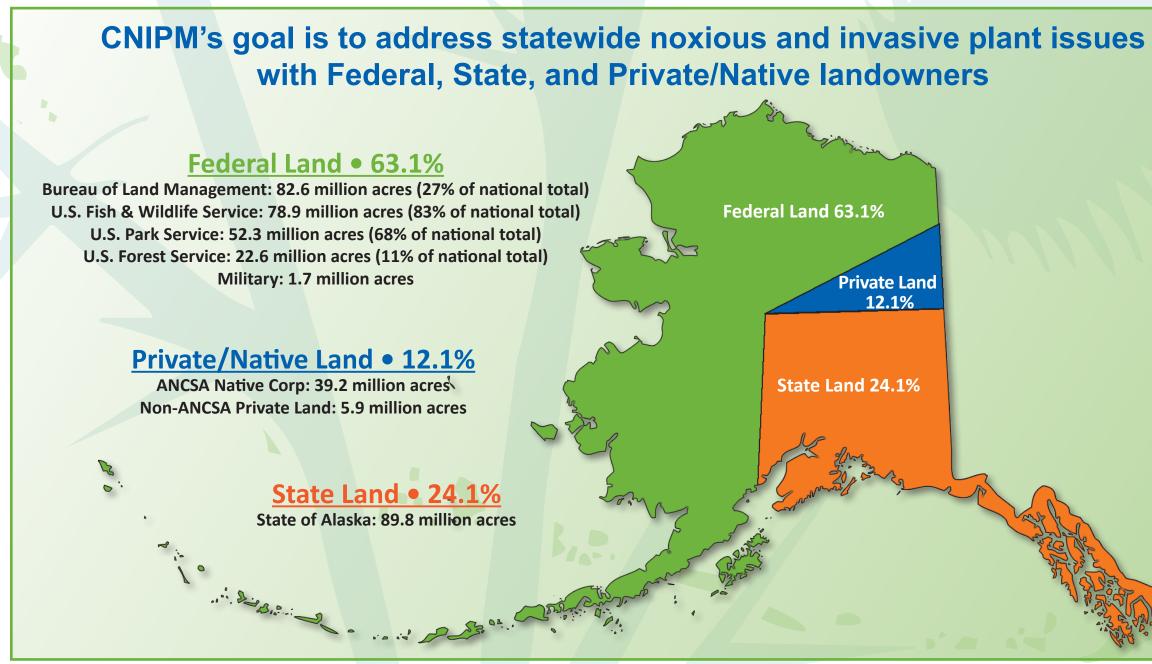
The Issue:

Alaska is in a unique position to prevent a severe problem with invasive plants. Prevention and early eradication have repeatedly been shown to be far cheaper and more effective than large-scale control efforts once invasive plants become widespread. With quick, coordinated action, Alaska has the chance to eradicate many problematic invasive weeds, and prevent others from ever arriving in the state.

Despite Alaska's relatively cool climate and remote location, it is not immune to invasive species. However, invasive plant populations remain relatively concentrated to urban areas and roadsides in Alaska. Prevention and early detection are more effective and cost efficient than large scale control.

Invasive vs. Noxious Plants:

- Invasive Plants introduced into an environment where they did not originate. They grow aggressively, reproduce rapidly and displace native and agricultural vegetation.
- Noxious Plants defined by a federal, state, or county government as harmful to public health, agriculture, recreation, wildlife or property.
- Both invasive and noxious plants can impact all environments of Alaska; wildlands, parks, fish habitat and agricultural fields by reducing biodiversity, altering soil chemistry and impacting water resources.



Visit us on the web at http://www.uaf.edu/ces/cnipm/

Brianne Blackburn Chair • DNR 907-745-8785 Brianne.Blackburn@alaska.gov

Lindsey Flagstad Vice Chair • UAA 907-786-6386 laflagstad@uaa.alaska.edu

Alaska Committee for Noxious & Invasive Plants (CNIPM) Board Members:

Louisa Branchflower Palmer SWCD 907-745-1637 pswcdtech@gmail.com

CNIPM Goals:

- coordination, cooperation, and action in the prevention and management of invasive plants in Alaska.

The CNIPM Strategic Plan addresses critical approaches to building a strong and successful statewide invasive plant management program:

Coordination • Education • Inventory and Monitor Research • Management • Prevention

Alaska's Worst Invaders:

Alaska Committee for Noxious & Invasive Plants Management



aurantiacum

Orange hawkweed, *Hieracium*



Japanese knotweed, Polygonum cuspidatum



Common tansy, *Tanacetum vulgare*.





Wasilla High School students pose for a picture after pulling weeds on their campus (Photo: Catherine Inman. Wasilla Soil and Water Conservation District).



Economic assessments of the impacts invasive plants will have to agriculture, forestry, fisheries, subsistence and recreational resources are needed in Alaska. Photo by Edwin Remsberg, USDA/CSREES.

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Katrina LeMieux DOT 907-451-2243 katrina.lemieux@alaska.gov

Patrick Samson Kuskokwim Watershed Council 907-543-1426 invasives@kuskokwimcouncil.org

Steven Seefeldt UAF / CES 907-474-2423 ssseefeldt@alaska.edu

1. To heighten awareness among all citizens about the negative impacts of invasive plants to Alaska's economy and environment. 2. To foster the exchange of information and greater statewide



Elodea spp. in Chena slough.



Canada thistle. Cirsium grver



Yellow toadflax, Linaria vulgaris



This Himalayan blackberry plant, Rubus discolor, discovered growing from an uninspected rootball.



Join our listserv at http://tinyurl.com/CNIPMlistserv

Tim Stallard Anchorage Park Foundation 907-347-2214 weeds.free.ak@gmail.com